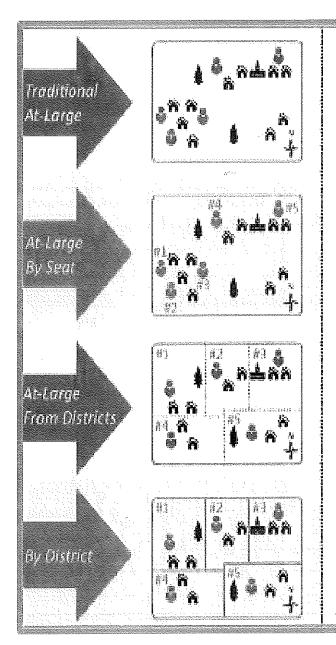
### **Election Systems**





Candidates run for election at-large and are elected at-large. A veter may cast as many votes as there are seats up for election.

Candidates run for efection at large and are elected at large but must compete for a particular seat. A voter may vote for one candidate for each seat up for election.

Candidates run for election in the district they reside in but are elected at-large. A voter may vote for one candidate in each district election.

Candidates run for election by district and are elected only by the voters of that district. A voter may only vote for one candidate running in the district he or she resides in.



#### Election System & Voting Methods Discussion Questions

- 1. Is there any election system or voting method the Committee would consider eliminating as an option?
- 2. Are there any election systems/voting methods that the Committee would like to delay considering until after a presentation from the Santa Clara County Registrar of Voters?
- 3. Of the remaining options, does the Committee have preliminary thoughts or recommendations?

#### From Mary Hanna-Weir

- Divide the city into 3 districts
  - I would recommend drawing districts based on actual population as city council represents all people in the city, not just registered or eligible voters - for example kids, recent arrivals, etc. My assumption would be that we'd get a north district (Rivermark and surrounding area) and two districts in the southern portion of the city (east-west divide maybe)
  - I would recommend that we design an independent redistricting commission like many other cities have to do the district drawing.
     We'd need one right now and then one again after the census in 2020.
     Not sure how to make it as independent, and expert, as possible would be interested in hearing from city staff on what local and similar sized cities in California do for district drawing.
- Each district would have 2 city council members elected by district, one in gubernatorial years (2018, 2022) and one in presidential years (2020, 2024)
  - In my view, such a system would quality as district elections for purposes of the California Voting Rights Act (rather than at large). So we get the benefit of that safe harbor, but the districts are not tiny and we lessen the impact of things like mini mayor, etc. And the districts being smaller in size and population makes it easier for a lesser known candidate to use grassroots organizing to win.
  - Any voting method that works for single member elections should work in this system.
  - My personal preference is to switch to a majority system where in the primary election (June right now), if someone gets 50% + 1, they win outright. Otherwise top 2 go to general election in November. I think it is simple, cost effective, could help minority candidates win against a frontrunner because have time between the election cycles to distinguish yourself and win over those for whom the frontrunner was not preferred.



# **Proportional Representation**

Basic Principle: Majority Rule, with fair representation for the electoral minority, in direct proportion to how people vote.

60% of vote -> 60% of seats (not all) 40% of vote -> 40% of seats (not none)

## Key Ingredients:

- 1. Voters choose from among lists of candidates (candidate-created in some systems, voter-created in others).
- 2. The more votes a list gets, the more candidates from that list get elected.

# (2)

## **Other Electoral Families**

Semi-Proportional: Allows for, but does not guarantee, proportional results.

- Cumulative Voting
- Limited Voting

Majority/Plurality: If proportional, only by accident.

- First Past The Post
- Block Voting
- Two Round Runoff
- Instant Runoff

Hybrid systems: (more later)

# (3)

# Hybrid Systems (Mix and match!)

Example 1:

Three list proportional seats.
Three at-large numbered seats.

Example 2:

Three choice voting proportional seats.

Three by-district seats.

Example 3:

CRC choice (be creative!)



### Amarillo ISD School Board Election Cumulative Voting

VOTER: In this election for Amarillo ISD school trustees, you may cast up to four votes in any combination for the candidate or candidates of your choice. You are not required to cast all four votes, but you cannot cast more than four.

Below are examples of how votes may be cast.

